

Botswana Market Watch

GMT C	ountry	Data event or release		Period	Market Exp	Previous
-	BW	No data				
<mark>0/N</mark> 06:00 06:00	JN GE GB Retai	National CPI y/y Producer prices y/y I sales excluding auto fuel y/y		<mark>Jul</mark> Jul Jul	<mark>2,6% A</mark> 31,5%	<mark>2,4%</mark> 32,7% -5,9%
Factors Overnight	What happened?	Relevance	Importance		Analysis	
Japanese inflation	Japan's inflation has held up at 2.4%, above the BoJ's target for the fourth consecutive month. Excluding tax effects, it's the highest reading since 2014	Although it is above the BoJ's target, the BoJ is unlikely to do much. However, price pressures are rising	<mark>4/5</mark> (economy)	culprits fo companie	raw material prices ar or the move adding to es to respond with hig ry pressures are broa	the pressure or her wages.
US housing	Existing home sales dropped 5.9% to 4.81mn in July. This follows on from some weaker housing data earlier this week	As interest rates continue to rise, the housing market will come under pressure	5/5 (economy, market, monetary policy)	economy the fallou	ate-sensitive sectors of will feel the brunt of t t will filter through to rhich has held up	he shock, and
UK consumer sentiment	The GfK consumer sentiment index dropped to a record-low of - 44 in Aug from the July reading of -41, which was the previous record low	All measures within the index fell, reflecting the cost-of- living crisis and rising interest rates	5/5 (economy)	Households are feeling exasperated with a inflation reading above 10%, driven by risi energy and food prices and a broadening i price pressures that will contribute to a recession		riven by rising roadening in
Factors on the Radar	What happened?	Relevance	Importance		Analysis	
Chinese lending rates	China is expected to lower benchmark lending rates on Monday with a deeper cut to the mortgage reference rate aimed at helping the property sector	This follows the PBoC's decision this week to lower two key interest rates for the second time this year	4/5 (economy, market)	especially w central banl	ing serious economic vithin the property ind k will be trying to cont he economy	ustry, and the
Fedspeak	St Louis Fed President Bullard confirmed that the Fed would continue to hike, adding that he would prefer to see rates rise quickly to do the bulk of the tightening by year-end	It implies strong interest rate increases that will come as a shock to the economy as the Fed plays catch-up	4/5 (economy, monetary policy)	ensure that for the Fed and that im	s been behind the cur inflation is stamped o is that they do too mu pacts very negatively oader economy	out. The danger ch too quickly,
German outlook	Germany's economic outlook is looking gloomy amid staggeringly high energy inflation, supply chain disruptions, geopolitics and a global slowdown	While usually the stalwart of the EZ economy, this time, Germany is the country most at risk	5/5 (economy)	and its depe an awkward	ntegration into the re- endence on Russian g I position of insufficie out costs that will con	as places it in nt resources

Highlights news vendors

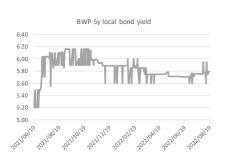
CNBC - Turkey shocks markets with rate cut despite inflation near 80%
BUSSINESS LIVE - Treasury to allocate 30% more to build infrastructure, says Godongwana
FT - Germany to slash VAT on gas sales to cushion price shock
SOUTH CHINA POST - From India to Philippines, gas shortages to remain for years as rich nations stockpile LNG
REUTERS – Ghana delivers biggest rate hike ever at emergency meeting

Corporate Foreign Exchange				
	CUSTOMER	CUSTOMER	CUSTOMER CUSTOMER CUSTO	
	BUY	SELL	BUY	SELL
	CASH	CASH	π	π
BWPZAR	1.27584	1.287264	1.3004265	1.381127
BWPUSD	0.075456	0.093496	0.0769101	0.08137
GBPBWP	15.631512	15.756104	15.29333	14.847098
BWPEUR	0.08112	0.081744	0.076635	0.080172
JPYBWP	11.1384	11.232	10.522575	10.989
USDZAR	16.232544	17.607616	16.612994	17.226682
EURUSD	0.966912	1.047904	0.989574	1.025233
GBPUSD	1.142784	1.238432	1.169568	1.211639

	Interbank Spot Foreign Exchange			Forward Foreign Exchange			
		Close	Change		BWPUSD	BWPZAR	
	BWPUSD	0.0786	-0.0005	1m	-1.989	-48.64179	
	BWPGBP	0.0659	0.0003	3m	-6.357	-200.3147	
	BWPEUR	0.0779	0.00	6m	-13.2795	-569.422	
	BWPZAR	1.3248	0.0131	12m	-27.69975	-1788.308	
	Dollar Index	107.653	0.169				
	EURUSD	1.0073	-0.0015				
	GBPUSD	1.191	-0.002				
	USDJPY	136.3	0.42				
	USDNGN	419.83	0				
	USDZAR	16.9109	0.056				











Local and regional talking points

• As Botswana gears up for the 2024 general elections, the Botswana Congress Party (BCP) intends to raise more than P100 million in donations from its more than 200 000 followers nationwide. The BCP President Dumelang Saleshando stated that the fundraising campaign was launched in his Maun West constituency last weekend. The ambitious objective relies on members making daily contributions of P1.00 from a date still to be set up and until the next general elections. According to reports, BCP officials think this is feasible and might even make their party a more significant challenge to the country's ruling Botswana Democratic Party (BDP). This comes as the rift between the BCP and the Umbrella for Democratic Change, with sources saying it is becoming more unlikely that the BCP will be in the coalition for the 2024 elections. BCP Saleshando and BCP Secretary General Goretetse Kekgonegile remain suspended from the UDC.

• The Southern African Development Community extended its mission in Mozambique yesterday. The mission has been helping the Mozambican government for more than a year to fight an Islamic State-linked insurgency. While the length of the extension was not revealed, it will be positive news for Mozambique and the European Union. The EU is reportedly planning a five-fold increase in financial support to the mission as a terrorist insurgency in Mozambique threatens gas projects meant to reduce the EU's dependency on Russian energy. The energy squeeze due to the Ukraine war has added impetus to Europe's scramble for gas off Mozambique's northern coast, where Western oil firms are planning to build a massive liquefied natural gas (LNG) terminal.

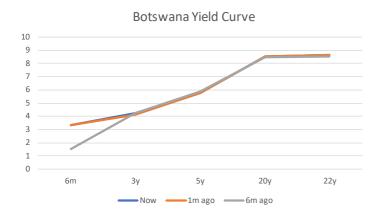
Financial Market Commentary

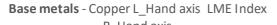
• Yesterday, the USD-BWP strengthened, ending just below a two-week high of 12.6519 and taking the pair one step closer to its previous record high, which was reached in the middle of July at 12.8456. The USD has extended its rip higher into the week's final trading session. It has gained ground against most currencies, so the BWP's depreciation should not be seen in isolation. Note that the next local central bank decision is now less than a week out and will influence investors positioning and potentially covering short bets on the BWP. Meanwhile, the USD-ZAR now looks set to target levels closer to 17.00/dlr, offering exporters another golden opportunity to lock in some attractive forward rates.

• US Treasury futures are heading higher this morning in early trade, with traders digesting some further hawkish Fed commentary while also positioning for next week's Jackson Hole central bank symposium. The 10yr US benchmark is back above 2.900% and is set for its third straight weekly gain. The 2yr, meanwhile, saw yields edge lower overnight despite some stronger than expected US data yesterday and the hawkish Fed talk, but yields are rising once again this morning. Investor concerns regarding inflation are still elevated, with this highlighted by yesterday's 30yr US TIPS auction, which saw strong demand and was priced much higher than expected. With these concerns and a hawkish Fed, the risk remains that yields could push higher into next week's central bank event, keeping general risk sentiment under pressure.

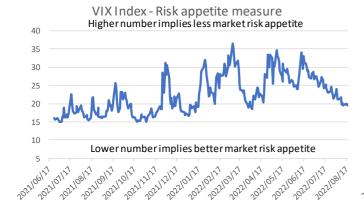
• Oil rallied yesterday, with Brent rising over 3.00% and WTI up 2.70% on the session amid signs that US fuel demand has remained resilient. The front-month Brent contract is thus trading back above \$96 per barrel, while WTI has risen back through the \$90 per barrel mark.

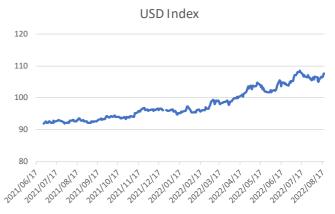
• Despite the gains yesterday, oil is set for another weekly loss as declines earlier in the week owing to global economic growth concerns, and the potential return of Iranian supply have more than offset the increases seen over the last two sessions. Liquidity conditions in the market are also still a factor to keep track of as they have led to increased volatility in prices over the last few months. The futures curve, meanwhile, continues to point to easing pressure within the market towards the end of the year, with the January 2023 future pricing Brent near \$90 per barrel and then dropping towards \$80 towards the middle of next year. Given expectations of more supply from Iran and weaker demand owing to recessions in many countries, we could see these futures contracts head even lower over the coming weeks.

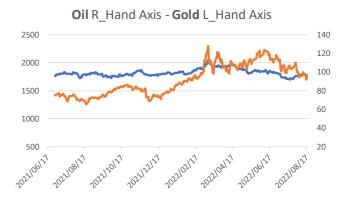














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