

Botswana Market Watch

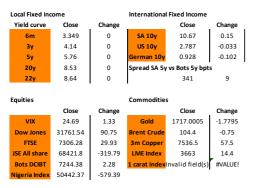
| GMT | Country | | Data event or release | | Period | Market Exp | Previous |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| - | BW | Empty data card | | | | | |
| 05:00 | JN | | Leading index | | May F | 101,2 A | 101,4 |
| 06:00 | GE | GfK consumer confidence | | | Aug | -28 | -27,4 |
| 08:00 | EZ | | VI3 money supply sa y/y | | Jun | 5,4% | 5,6% |
| 11:00 | US | MBA mortgage applications | | | Jul 22 | | -6,3% |
| 12:30 | US | Durable goods orders m/m | | | Jun P | -0,5% | 0,8% |
| 12:30 | US | Advance Goods Trade Balance | | | Jun | \$-102,85bn | \$-104,3bn |
| 14:00 | US | Pending home sales y/y | | | Jun | 0 50/ | -12,00% |
| 18:00 18:30 | US US | Ead Chair Halda D | FOMC rate decision | Monting | Jul 27 | 2,5% | 1,75% |
| Factors Overnight | | US Fed Chair Holds Press Conference Following FOMC Meeting What happened? Relevance Importance | | | | Analysis | |
| Tuetors overnight | | | Relevance | importance | | , | |
| UK Confidence | Recruitmen Confederati making inve | nducted by the t and Employment on into hiring and stments has fallen to g to a pandemic low | Such is the impact of the rising inflation, interest rates and the cost of living that demand has softened | <mark>4/5</mark> (markets) | Britain's economy is under considerable pressure, and that is unlikely to let up in t foreseeable future. Inflation is still rising, so are rates. Global growth has also been revised down. | | to let up in the s still rising, and |
| IMF forecasts | forecasts fo has warned | once again cut its r global growth and that a recession in mies could be on the | Global growth has been revised down to 3.2% from 3.6%, with many economies under pressure | 5/5 (economy) | The detail of the forecast is important. The IM anticipates a slowdown to just 0.6% y/y in Q4 which means that the risk of a global recession is high, especially if a major economy falters | | 0.6% y/y in Q4, global recession |
| Aussie inflation | 21-yr high, v come. Core | nflation has risen to a vith the peak still to inflation has risen to 1% y/y vs the RBA 3% | This surge in inflation will likely see the RBA respond with a 50bp rate hike. 75bp is seen as a step too far | 4/5 (economy) | to the infla adding to | vill be joining its pee ation threat in their o the pressure global n the global econom | economy and central banks are |
| Factors on the Radar | Wh | at happened? | Relevance | Importance | | Analysis | |
| US-Sino relations | Chinese lea amid deterio | den will speak to der Xi-Jinping on Thu orating relations rising tensions over | US Ambassador to China Burns described relations as the worst since 1972 | 4/5 (geopolitics) | Speaker Pel Taiwan next | es against the backo osi indicating that sl month on her trip to evere repercussions | he could visit Asia. China has |
| FOMC | latest decisi has another | DMC will deliver its on, and the market 75bp rate hike the Fed tries to catch lation curve | Such a heavy-handed response in a highly indebted economy will impact the business cycle | 5/5 (monetary policy) | the system i bank has at | g growth to squeeze s the only approach its disposal, and it i a that there is more | that the central s clear from the |
| Russian gas | has indicate | , | There is a high probability that the EU will face a gas supply shortage through the winter | 4/5 (economy, market) | conduct ma the gas sup | e summer months an intenance, this time ply shortage will exte se the pressure on t | , the fear is that and into the |

Highlights news vendors

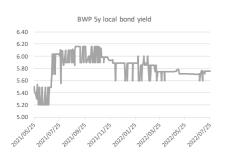
CNBC - <u>Microsoft misses estimates but stock up 5% on rosy guidance</u> BUSSINESS LIVE - <u>IMF sees light in darkness for SA as it raises GDP forecast</u> FT - <u>Germany rethinks nuclear power exit due to threat of winter energy crunch</u> SOUTH CHINA POST - <u>US officials call China's actions in the South China Sea unsafe and increasing</u> REUTERS – <u>China's industrial profits rebound in June though headwinds remain</u>

| | Corporate Foreign Exchange | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | CUSTOMER | CUSTOMER | CUSTOMER CUSTOMER | | | |
| | BUY | SELL | BUY | SELL | | |
| | CASH | CASH | π | π | | |
| BWPZAR | 1.275744 | 1.286208 | 1.3003287 | 1.379994 | | |
| BWPUSD | 0.075456 | 0.093496 | 0.0769101 | 0.081679 | | |
| GBPBWP | 15.820584 | 15.94268 | 15.478312 | 15.02291 | | |
| BWPEUR | 0.0806 | 0.081224 | 0.0761438 | 0.079662 | | |
| JPYBWP | 11.2008 | 11.284 | 10.581525 | 11.039875 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| USDZAR | 16.230432 | 17.592952 | 16.610833 | 17.21233525 | | |
| EURUSD | 0.973824 | 1.055392 | 0.996648 | 1.032559 | | |
| GBPUSD | 1.156608 | 1.253096 | 1.183716 | 1.22598575 | | |

| Interbank Spot Foreign Exchange | | | | Forward Foreign Exchange | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | | Close | Change | | BWPUSD | BWPZAR | |
| | BWPUSD | 0.0786 | -0.0005 | 1m | -2.09625 | -34.09821 | |
| | BWPGBP | 0.0653 | -0.0004 | 3m | -5.56725 | -126.2423 | |
| | BWPEUR | 0.0777 | 0.00 | 6m | -14.71275 | -344.581 | |
| | BWPZAR | 1.3311 | -0.0065 | 12m | -25.86675 | -1010.089 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Dollar Index | 107.033 | -0.156 | | | | |
| | EURUSD | 1.0144 | 0.003 | | | | |
| | GBPUSD | 1.2046 | 0.0021 | | | | |
| | USDJPY | 136.99 | 0.08 | | | | |
| | USDNGN | 414.75 | 0 | | | | |
| | USDZAR | 16.908 | -0.0274 | | | | |











Local and regional talking points

• In an attempt to attract investors to do business in Botswana, the government urged the audience at the just-ended US-Africa Business Summit to "make hay while the sun shines". Speaking at the summit, President Mokgweetsi Masisi highlighted the nation's stable economic outlook and that it remains a top investment country, despite the pandemic having chipped away at some sectoral gains. "We have, as a country, managed to maintain a positive economic outlook going forward, with both Moody's and Standard and Poor's rating agencies, giving us an 'A' sovereign credit ratings, the only country in mainland sub-Saharan Africa to have such a rating," he said.

• Speaking on the sidelines of the conference, Botswana's Minister of Trade and Industry, Mmusi Kgafela, said it was paramount for Africa to increase intra-continental trade and industrialisation. This is a longer-term plan and would require governments to draw on the lessons learned from Covid to meet the basic needs of growing populations, creating jobs and wealth.

• With growth dynamics in focus, it is worth having a look at the International Monetary Fund's latest World Economic Outlook (WEO) published on Tuesday. The global economic outlook has soured since the April WEO, with growth expected to slow from 6.1% in 2021 to 3.2% in 2022 and to 2.9% in 2023. The IMF noted that the downside risks highlighted in the April WEO are materializing. These risks include higher inflation worldwide, triggering a sharp tightening in global financial conditions, a sharper than expected slowdown in China and the adverse effects of the war in Ukraine on the global supply chain.

• Encouragingly, the IMF said that the outlooks for countries in the Middle East, Central Asia and sub-Saharan Africa remain unchanged or positive, reflecting the effects of elevated fossil fuel and metal prices for some commodity-exporting countries. Economic activity in sub-Saharan Africa is expected to expand by 3.8% in 2022 and 4.0% in 2023.

Financial Market commentary

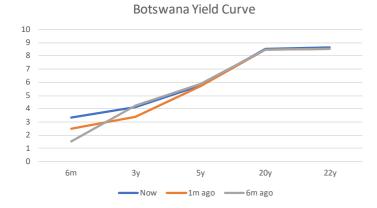
• The USD-BWP rose yesterday as it responds to the pull of a stronger USD with risk appetite brewing ahead of the FOMC meeting today. The pair closed at 12.6746 to snap three consecutive losing streaks and risk revisiting its July peak of 12.5800. In the month's final week, the pair has gained more than 1.6% and is among six of the top performing African FX pairs this month.

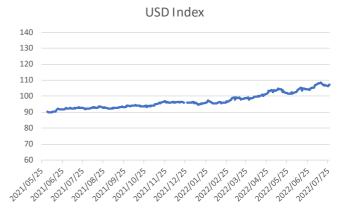
• Today's FOMC meeting is widely anticipated to deliver a 75bp rate hike, but the message about how much tightening may come thereafter, how quickly and for how long still poses challenges to risk assets that investors are seemingly unwilling to leave on the table ahead of the meeting. Asian currencies were mainly slightly weaker against the USD. The tradeweighted DXY will likely trade around the 107 mark heading into the decision.

• US Treasury and other core market bond yields dipped yesterday as the IMF flagged growing economic growth risks in its latest World Economic Outlook update. The fund downgraded growth forecasts for most countries, including big downward revisions for the US and China, cutting more than a percentage point off their prior forecasts for these two. US data releases also disappointed yesterday, supporting the economic slowdown narrative with New home sales at their lowest in two years and consumer confidence at its weakest in almost 18 months. The decline in yields was limited by the looming Fed meeting, with the swaps market still pricing in a full 75bp rate hike for tonight. The guidance offered tonight will, of course, be key in determining the direction for the market going forward. We see a risk that the Fed could ease off its hiking cycle from September, slowing the pace of hikes into the end of the year. If something along these lines is announced, we could see a notable rally for USTs as well as other core bonds.

• Oil prices are steady this morning after a relatively volatile session yesterday, which saw Brent crude prices reach \$107.50 per barrel before retreating back down to levels near \$104.40, where we are currently trading. A decline in crude stockpiles in the US and the ongoing energy crisis in Europe were not enough to support the market amid a stronger dollar on the session and some bleak economic growth forecasts from the IMF, impacting the demand outlook.

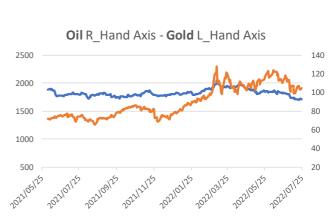
• The market is also turning its attention to the Fed meeting today, which has kept investors cautious and has also drained liquidity from several markets. Expectations are that a 75bp increase is coming, but the more important aspect will be the guidance provided. If the Fed remains hawkish and suggests another 75bp increase is coming in September, oil prices may tumble. If Powell and co. turn a bit less hawkish and hint the pace of rate hikes will slow, we will very likely see a rebound back towards levels near \$110 per barrel from Brent.



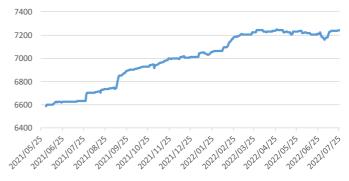


Base metals - Copper L_Hand axis LME Index R_Hand axis



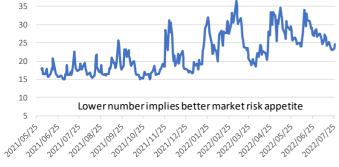






VIX Index - Risk appetite measure Higher number implies less market risk appetite

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