



Botswana Market Watch 13 April 2022

CMT (Secondary .	D			Devied	Mauliat Erus	Durautions
GMT C		Data event or release			Period	Market Exp	Previous
06:00 GB 11:00 US MB 12:30 US 14:00 CA Canada			Nothing on the cards CPI y/y BA mortgage applications PPI final demand y/y da central bank rate decision		Mar Apr 1 Mar Apr 13	6,7% 10,6% 1.00%	<mark>6,2%</mark> -6,3% 10.00% <mark>0,5</mark> %
Factors Overnight	what happer	What happened? Relevance Importance				Analysis	
Russia- German relations	S&P Global has warn trade rupture betwee and Russia could imp negatively global grov	n Germany Coact	Germany remains a key global entre of manufacturing roduction	5/5 (economy)	A major downturn in Germany would certainly drag the rest of Europe with it, especially at a time of rising inflation, reduced trade and covid threats		
US inflation	Gasoline prices surge March and accounted than half of the rise in helping inflation rise the highest reading s	d for more f n CPI, f to 8.5% or f	Excluding food and fuel, prices are substantially lower, Ilthough in time, they may ise	4/5 (economy, monetary policy)	The base will be exceptionally high once the energy surge is fully priced into inflation. Inflation has, therefore, peaked or is close to peaking if it hasn't. Inflation expectations now become key		
Japanese machinery orders	Feb's core orders fell vs expectations of -1. orders tumbled 14.49 manufacturing orders Orders from IT firms f	5%. Service % while s fell 1.8%.	Goaring input costs, global incertainty due to the war ind expectations of weaker lemand	4/5 (economy)	With so many risks, investment into machiner and equipment has stalled until the dust settles on global demand and factors of production become more affordable		il the dust factors of
Factors on the Radar	What happer	ned?	Relevance	Importance		Analysis	
WTO forecast	The WTO has slashed trade growth forecast 2022, and 3.4% in 20 effects of Covid, the surging prices all imp	t to 3.0% in 023 as the war and r	t is a signal that the prevailing headwinds, when coupled with rising interest ates, will affect growth	5/5 (economy)	Stock markets have shown some signs of positioning for this but have remained resilient thus far. The risks to earnings and growth are, however, rising by the day		
Fed on inflation	Separate comments i Brainard and Barkin o pandemic outlook sho were differences of o whether inflation wou moderate over the loo	on the post- owed there pinion on Id	Vhile both agreed that nflation was peaking and vould moderate, outlooks onger-term differed undamentally	4/5 (economy, monetary policy)	adjust to ren dependent o make them i	d the issue that supp ider them more resil on dominant players. more expensive and res more elevated	ent and less That would
China - Supply chains	China's covid episode imposing more logisti constraints on the glo economy, given its m influential role in sup	ical supply C obal f assively i	China is not just a producer of inal goods but refining and ntermediary goods as well	4/5 (economy)	will always ir chains funct	minent role as a pro filuence the way in v ion, and the recent la of another shock to	hich supply

Highlights news vendors

CNBC - <u>In the U.S., consumers are paying more for everything. In China, the inflation problem is very different</u>

ALL AFRICA - Why Africa Is Divided Over the Russia-Ukraine War

FT - Fed official: It's 'fantasy' to think modest rate rises will tame inflation

SOUTH CHINA POST - <u>Shanghai's Covid-19 lockdown horizon extended by another record day of cases</u> REUTERS - <u>Biden says Russia committing genocide in Ukraine</u>

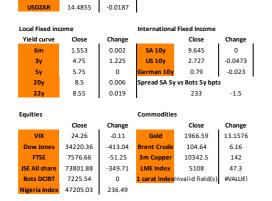
Corporate Foreign Exchange					
	CUSTOMER	STOMER CUSTOMER CUSTOMER		CUSTOMER	
	BUY	SELL BUY		SELL	
	CASH	CASH	π	π	
BWPZAR	1.20864	1.217664	1.2319315	1.306452	
BWPUSD	0.083424	0.093496	0.0850317	0.090125	
GBPBWP	15.465736	15.573688	15.131141	14.675206	
BWPEUR	0.083408	0.083928	0.0787965	0.082314	
JPYBWP	11.3464	11.4192	10.719075	11.17215	
USDZAR	13.908864	15.07532	14.234853	14.74917125	
EURUSD	1.040352	1.127152	1.0647353	1.1027665	
GBPUSD	1.249152	1.353352	1.278429	1.32407275	

Interbank Spo	t Foreign Excl	nange	Forward Foreign Exchange			
	Close	Change		BWPUSD	BWPZAR	
BWPUSD	0.0869	0.0003	1m	-2.613	-36.58651	
BWPGBP	0.0668	0.0003	3m	-8.1315	-56.97466	
BWPEUR	0.0802	0.00	6m	-15.04425	-112.3681	
BWPZAR	1.2604	-0.0103	12m	-30.62475	-243.6191	
Dollar Index	100.262	-0.03				
EURUSD	1.0837	0.0011				
GBPUSD	1.3012	0.0015				
USDJPY	125.49	0.14				

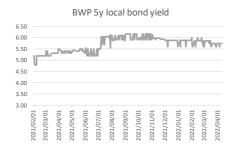
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USDNG

414.09









Local and regional talking points

• The news vendors are focused on the new COVID-19 variant detected recently in Botswana. Both researchers in Botswana and South Africa are carrying out further investigations to understand the virulence and infectivity of the new strain.

• The World Health Organisation reported the following - *The identified sub-lineages variant are BA.4 and BA.5. World Health Organization (WHO) experts are working with scientists and researchers in the two countries to deepen analysis of the sub-lineages which have so far been identified in four people in Botswana and 23 in South Africa. Outside Africa, the BA.4 and the BA.5 have been confirmed in Belgium, Denmark, Germany and the United Kingdom. Currently there is no significant epidemiological difference observed between the new sub-lineages and known sub-lineages of the Omicron variant, which include BA.1, BA.2 and BA.3 sub-lineages.*

• We do not expect a knee-jerk reaction to the discovery by the world as was the case in November 2022 when South Africa and Botswana announced the discovery of the Omicron variant which resulted in mass shunning of both countries by the international community.

• The WHO added - "There is no cause for alarm with the emergence of the new sub-variants. We are not yet observing a major spike in cases, hospitalizations or deaths," said Dr Matshidiso Moeti, WHO Regional Director for Africa. "We are working with scientists in Botswana and South Africa to gain complete behavioural knowledge of these sub-lineages and supporting African countries enhance genomic surveillance to detect potentially dangerous variants and stay ahead of the virus," Dr Moeti said.

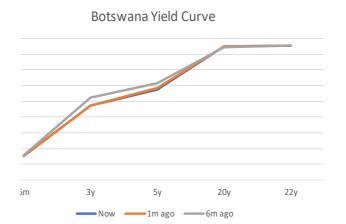
Financial Market commentary

• Gold received a boost yesterday following the release of US headline inflation which printed the highest level since 1981. This caused a flood of interest given the metal's characteristics as a hedge against inflation. Equally the geopolitical bid is ever present given the fact that the talks between Russia and the Ukraine have stalled. Gold is currently marking time just ahead of the \$1970.00/oz mark as we head into the EU session, from a strategy perspective we remain buyers on any dips but would suggest trimming positions into the Easter break given the lower liquidity.

• Other precious metals are bid this morning with the noble group keeping a close eye on developments surrounding supplies out of Russia. The fact of the matter is it is becoming more difficult to absorb any Russian supplies, and in due course should there not be a cease-fire we expect Russian supplies to be shunned completely.

• Moving over to energy, Oil had its best session in three weeks yesterday, rallying back above the \$100 per barrel mark as China eased some COVID restrictions and Russian President Putin promised to continue with the war in Ukraine. With this, more and more traders are shunning Russian products, with Vitol Group noting that they will stop trading all Russian energy products by the end of the year. Russia's exports of oil were around 7mn barrels a day before the war started, and while some Asian buyers continue to purchase, given the discounts on offer, such a figure will be nearly impossible to replace over the near to medium term.

• The ZAR continues to power ahead and make back lost ground, with the pair trading as low as 14.4500/dlr through yesterday's trade. It again looks set to test the prior lows seen in March and highlights how some of the drivers of the ZAR are more than a match for the bad news. Commodity prices, strong trade accounts, a positive carry trade, a liquid proxy for commodity-linked emerging markets, a conservative central bank and manageable inflation all mean that SA gets to weather the global storm better than most. In a world where relative attraction is king, this says a lot about the troubles other countries are facing and SA's unique position to benefit from the current commodity price surge. While it may not last indefinitely, it is likely to extend for a while still, and ZAR may still impress further through the months ahead which will in turn support the BWP.



Base metals - Copper L_Hand axis LME Index R_Hand axis



VIX Index - Risk appetite measure Highernumberimplies less market risk appetite



Lower number implies better market risk appetite





Oil R Hand Axis - Gold L Hand Axis





Morning note produced by ETM Analytics (Pty) Ltd on behalf of Access Bank Botswana

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