



Botswana Market Watch 14 January 2022

GMT	Country	Data event or release		Period	Market Exp	Previous
14-Jan	BW	CPI Y/Y		Dec		8.6%
-	CH	Trade balance (USD)		Dec	\$94,46bn (a)	\$71,72bn
07:00	GB	Industrial production y/y		Nov		1,40%
07:00	GB	Manufacturing production y/y		Nov		1,30%
13:30	US	Advance retail sales m/m		Dec	0,20%	0,30%
14:15	US	Industrial production m/m		Dec	0,30%	0,50%
15:00	US	Michigan consumer confidence		Jan P	70,30	70,60
Factors Overnight	What happened?	Relevance	Importance		Analysis	
Chinese trade	Chinese exports grew 20.9% y while imports rose 19.5% y/y t boost the trade surplus to \$94.46bn vs the surplus of \$74.5bn forecast		3/5 (economy)	The surplus will further assist the Chinese economy to strengthen its economic recovery. Risks of waning demand due to Omicron and rising inflation should not be discounted		
Fed speakers	Fed speakers, this week including Chairman Powell and vice-chair elect Brainard, have collectively raised expectations of a rate hike as early as Marc	pressures and anchor	4/5 (economy, monetary policy)	On a positive note, this would not be possible the economy was struggling, so although monetary tightening may not be welcome, the fact that the economy is recovering strongly is.		
S.Korea rate hike	South Korea's base rate was lifted to 1.25% as anticipated, with Governor Lee pointing to more rate hikes ahead	The consensus is for the base rate to be at 1.5% by Q3 in 2022, implying one more	4/5 (economy, central bank, monetary policy)	Incremental 25bp hikes are favoured for now as the central bank joins the growing number of central banks globally pushing back agains inflation		
Factors on the Radar	What happened?	Relevance	Importance		Analysis	
U.N. growth outlook	A U.N. report released yesterdared predicts the global economy wexpand 4% vs 5.5% forecast in 2021, to expand by a further 3.5% in 2022	ill high and rising inflationary	4/5 (economy)	that have growth re	eurs with the IMF and also downgraded the cently and highlights tion will have in erodi n	eir forecasts for the impact that
U.K. Staff absences	Although the U.K. reported rec staff absences over Dec due to Omicron, the numbers are starting to improve to ease the pressure	could be the low point in	3/5 (economy)	less dam through (ences vs physical locl aging to the economy 21 will not be as dram of the hard lockdowr	, so the impact natic as it was in
ECB Inflation	ECB Vice President de Guindos said yesterday that the E.Z.'s inflation spike was not as transitory as first thought	De Guindos added that the risk to the inflation outlook was tilted to the topside	4/5 (economy, monetary policy)	would ke	ices and supply chair ep inflation elevated, 2023 and 2024, infla	although,

Highlights news vendors

CNBC - <u>U.S. officials prepare for escalation as NATO-Russia talks end with no resolution on Ukraine tension</u>

ALL AFRICA - African Union Needs to Speak with One Voice as it Turns 20

FT - China's annual trade surplus surges to record \$676bn for 2021

SOUTH CHINA POST - <u>Ukraine tensions mount, US vows 'decisive' response if Russia deploys to Cuba, Venezuela</u>

REUTERS - Ethiopia PM must end Tigrav conflict, Nobel committee says

Corporate Foreign Exchange CA5H CASH П П 1.280064 1.287744 1.3047319 1.381642 **BWPZAR** 0.083136 0.0847381 0.089713 BWPUSD 0.093496 16.410472 16.487432 16.055438 15.536234 0.078416 0.078832 0.0740809 0.077316 **BWPEUR** 9.6678 15.688324 EURUSE 1.1016 1.193816 1.1274188 1.1679883 1.348776 1 317888 1.427816 1.3969258

Interbank Spot Foreign Exchange			Forward Foreign Exchange			
	Close	Change		BWPUSD	BWPZAR	
BWPUSD	0.0866	0.0002	1m	-2.7885	-12.97219	
BWPGBP	0.0632	0.0002	3m	-7.956	-28.1166	
BWPEUR	0.0756	0.0001	6m	-17.3745	-58.4373	
BWPZAR	1.3331	-0.0026	12m	-38.8635	-178.599	
Dollar Index	94.684	-0.106				
EURUSD	1.1475	0.0022				
GBPUSD	1.3725	0.002				
USDJPY	113.67	-0.5				
USDNGN	413.6	0				
USDZAR	15.4019	0.0023				

OIII	1.551		JA 104	3.433	0.055			
Зу	4.83	0	US 10y	1.7006	-0.0511			
5y	5.89	0	German 10y	-0.086	-0.029			
20y	8.46	0	Spread SA 5	d SA 5y vs Bots 5y bpts				
22y	8.53	0		192.5	5			
Equities Commodities								
Equities			Commoditie	s				
Equities	Close	Change	Commoditie	s Close	Change			
Equities VIX	Close 20.31	Change 2.69	Commoditie Gold	_	Change -3.2319			

3m Coppe

LME Index

Change

60.35

1913.32

-1.97

749.52

International Fixed Inco

Close

9958.5

4643.5

6320

Change

-105.5

-43.1

447

Local Fixed in

Yield curve

FTSE

JSE All shar

Bots DCIBT

Close

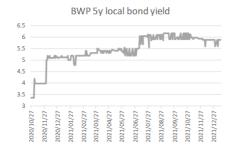
7563.85

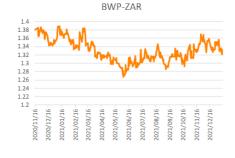
75925.55

7047.31

44604.74







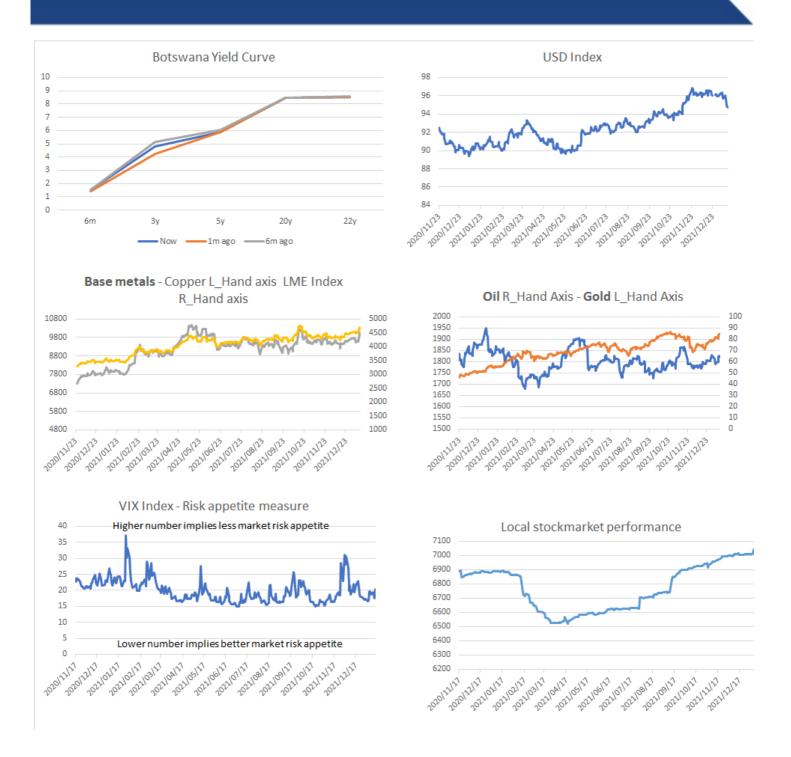
could continue enjoying a solid start to the year.

Local and regional talking points

- The local data card finally picks up today with the release of the latest inflation numbers. Headline inflation has been holding between 8% and 9% since June, coming in at 8.6% in November. This was a slight deceleration from the October numbers, but remained well above the 3% 6% target range. We expect to see that it remained elevated in December and that it will likely continue to do so over the next few months. The CRB's global food index, priced in local currency, continued to rise through December, while global oil prices have also kept soaring. This coupled with increasing demand locally, as the pandemic has eased, will keep upside pressures on prices embedded for now.
- The World Health Organisation (WHO) yesterday said that slow vaccine rollouts, rather than a lack of supply, are resulting in low vaccination rates across the continent. More than 340mn vaccine doses have been administered, with 10.1% of the population having had two doses. According to Bloomberg's vaccine tracker, this compares with countries such as Brazil, Japan, Vietnam, Germany, the UK, France, and Italy that have fully vaccinated more than 70% of their populations. WHO further said that the number of Africans being inoculated against Covid-19 needs to climb to 34mn people a week, from 6mn currently, if the least vaccinated continent is to reach the target of 70% of its people fully covered by mid-year. Low vaccine uptake undoubtedly poses a threat to the economic recovery prospects of the African continent, especially as new waves and variants emerge.
- Ghana's vice-president Mahamudu Bawumia yesterday said that the Pan-African Payment and Settlement System is expected to save the continent billions of dollars in annual transaction costs and bolster shipments in the world's largest free-trade zone. Bawumia added the system would facilitate intra-regional trade and payments by enabling the real-time transfer of funds from one African country to another. Traders have, until now, had to settle payments via US and European banks, and the new system is expected to save the continent about \$5bn in offshore clearance and transaction costs, according to its developer, the African Export-Import Bank.

Financial Market commentary

- The BWP-USD remained bid and climbed to 0.0866 by yesterday's close in the interbank market. This is the strongest the local currency has been since mid-November and, as we noted yesterday, it opens the door for the pair to now potentially retake the 0.088 level, the November high. Foreign factors should remain supportive of the BWP over the near term, while normalization of liquidity in local markets will help take advantage of this.
- Meanwhile, there is not much change to report back on for the ZAR. There does not appear to be any local catalyst for the slight show of resilience other than perhaps some trimming of short USD positions after a relatively sizeable move earlier in the week. The USD, for its part, remains on the defensive, leaving the USD-ZAR vulnerable to a deeper correction through the rest of today and next week.
- Heading into the weekend and the Omicron wave continues to occupy headlines for all
 the wrong reasons. It has negatively impacted the US weekly jobless claims data, and
 scientists are still undecided whether Omicron will be the variant that turns the virus
 endemic. Some good news from the WHO is that it has approved two new Covid-19
 treatments, which add to the arsenal of treatments that can be administered with some
 success.
- Against this virus backdrop, global stocks have come off the boil ahead of the weekend.
 That might be nothing more than some profit-taking after a relatively good week. There are still many unknowns, and investors prefer to trade cautiously. Furthermore, there is plenty of data out of the US this afternoon that could have market-moving potential, which will keep the USD bears at bay for much of today's trading session.
- Key, will be what the data tells us about the underlying strength of the US economy. Whether it does indeed have the resilience to withstand tapering, rate hikes and a balance sheet roll-off this year in the way forecast by the Fed. or whether the Fed may need to scale back its expectations could determine how the USD trades. Given just how much has been priced in, the risk to the USD remains to the downside. It implies that the BWP and ZAR



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