BancABC atlasmara

Botswana Market Watch

24 May 2021

GMT	Int		Period	Ехр	Previous		
12:30	US	omberg May Economic Survey Chicago Fed activity index		Apr	17,10		
Africa	What happened?	Relevance	Importance		Analysis		
Agriculture funding gap	CDC Group, the UK's develop- ment investment arm, is taking a step to help bridge what it esti- mates is a funding gap of as much as \$31bn that Africa's agri- culture and food industry faces each year. The CDC is targeting \$1bn worth of investment into Af- rica this year	As banks withdraw funding from agriculture due to regula- tion changes, and with some larger players defaulting, insti- tutions such as CDC have a significant role to play in plug- ging the shortfall	3/5 (economy)	from the cost demic agains and political i CDC aims to r farmers acros		ne COVID-19 pan- poor investment unding from the half a million an African na-	
Cost of slow	A study done by the World Bank showed that the slow rollout of COVID-19 vaccines in	Less than 0.5% of the conti- nent's roughly 1.3bn people	4/5	African is struggling to secure vaccines as wealthy countries hoard vaccines for their citi- zens. This has ultimately resulted in a much			
vaccine rollout	Africa could cost the continent \$14bn a month in economic out- put	are fully immunized, accord- ing to Bloomberg data	(economy)	slower rate of vaccination in Africa than in other parts of the world			
Africa vaccines	Africa requires around \$12bn to vaccinate enough people to build up herd immunity to contain the spread of COVID-19 on the conti- nent according to a study con- ducted by the IMF and the World Bank	Relative to other parts of the world, Africa is lagging in its vaccine rollout. As such, the economic recovery in Africa could lag other parts of the world	3/5 (economy)	The amount of money needed by Africa to pre- vent the transmission of the virus is the same as the total amount of official debt service pay- ments already deferred by 45 of the poorest countries participating in the G20's Debt Ser- vice Suspension Initiative			
Global	What happened?	Relevance	Importance		Analysis		
Cryptocurrency Latest	Cryptocurrencies remain under regulatory and government at- tack. China has cracked down on crypto mining. This after the US introduced some regs and the previous week's China crypto ban	With governments around the globe looking for more tax rev- enue, the crypto market will be regulated and taxed	3/5 (market)	may lend it ev remains uncle is clear is that	en more credibi	will settle. What ket will change	
EM bond holdings	A JP Morgan survey that monitors hard currency holdings of EM debt shows that it dipped to the lowest level in five years	A combination of rapidly rising inflation, as well as rising debt levels, have weighed	<mark>4/5</mark> (economy, market)	that, there are		ed, and on top of tion will take hold ng markets	
Israel – Hamas cease-fire	The cease-fire has held through the weekend and for a third con- secutive day allowing Egyptian mediators to continue working their diplomatic effort	Peace in Israel will help to de- escalate tensions in the re- gion and will help to ease risk aversion	<mark>4/5</mark> (geopolitics)	prompted the organisations	rian crisis in Ga UN and other ir to seek ways of homes, busines	ternational assisting those	

Local F.X. Opening Rates and Comment

	CUSTOMER BUY	SELL	BUY	SELL	Denshurser	k Yield Cur		Forward F		hanna	
	CASH	CASH	TT	Π			ve	Forward F	oreign Exc		
BWPZAR	1.2494	1.3635	1.2735	1.3504	6m	1.5240			BWPUSD	BWPZAR	
BWPUSD	0.0896	0.0978	0.0913	0.0968	Зу	4.6250		1m	-2.0670	0.0000	
GBPBWP	15.7739	14.4634	15.4326	14.7647	5у	5.4250		3m	-6.4155	0.0000	
BWPEUR	0.0735	0.0802	0.0753	0.0786	22y	6.7250		6m	-15.6780	0.0000	
JPYBWP			9.9724	10.3989				12m	-34.4663	0.0000	
USDZAR	13.3911	14.5212	13.7050	14.2070							
EURUSD	1.1694	1.2672	1.1968	1.2398	Equities			Economic	Indicators		
GBPUSD	1.3581	1.4717	1.3899	1.4399	BSE Dome	stic Index	6594.87	GDP	-4.1	Bank Rate	3.75
					BSE Foreig	gn Index	1550.85	CPI	3.2		

- Botswana is one of five African countries that are currently insulated against the freeze of Indian COVID-19 vaccine exports. Mmengi reported that *Botswana, South Africa, Namibia, Mauritius and Libya are self-financing their participation in the COVAX facility and thus will not be receiving their supplies from India, but from other AstraZeneca producers in Europe and South Korea.* Policymakers and the general population will be breathing a sigh of relief given that India has suspended all exports from the Serum Institute of India for the next seven months as the country grapples with the COVID-19 virus. India is currently one of the hardest hit with over 250 000 deaths officially recorded, unofficial predictions have the number much higher. The healthcare system is on the brink of collapse, and tensions are rising.
- Internationally, focus has been on China at the start of the week. Industrial metals have responded to further warnings from Beijing. The Chinese regulator has fired a shot across the bow of industrial metal companies saying that they need to maintain "normal market order" following significant gains in metal prices this year. Reuters reported the following- *The NDRC, China's top economic planner, along with the industry ministry, the state-owned assets regulator, the State Administration of Market Regulation, and the China Securities Regulatory Commission held the talks on Sunday with major domestic commodity companies and urged them not to drive up prices, according to the statement. The statement warned that companies "should not collude with each other to manipulate market prices ... hoard goods and drive up prices." The regulators pledged they would monitor the commodity market and strengthen inspections for both futures and spot markets.*
- Not surprisingly we have seen base metals tumble this morning in the Asian session. The benchmark 3m copper price was down some 0.3% at \$9853.50/tonne after falling 1.67% on Friday. Shanghai copper was down 1.4% at CNY71590/tonne.
- Looking ahead we still hold the view that the broader macro picture on base metals is unchanged, and what we are seeing is the froth being removed from the market. This is good news for Botswana given the development taking place around the industrial metals complex. The Kalahari Copper Belt is expected to add meaningfully to the economy in the coming decades and diversify the country away from the diamond trade which has been responsible for some 70% of Botswana's export earnings.
- In terms of the FX markets, USD remains on the defensive this morning as it struggles to make back any ground, especially with US Treasury yields still dipping and the authorities confirming that they are in no hurry to remove fiscal and monetary stimulus. Technically, the bias remains to the downside and with no significant data scheduled for release today, investors may well tread water for a little while longer as they search for a catalyst to the move.
- The local unit is anchored above the 0.0930 mark, we expect this support level to hold at the open as investors and corporates alike digest the news flow from the weekend. We would like to point out to the reader that we are heading into the week where traditional end of month corporate payments take place and this could well influence the price action and liquidity in the FX market.

ZAR and Associated Comments

- The USD-ZAR extended its decline on Friday, securing a close below the 14.0000-handle for the second day running. Strong
 Eurozone PMI data earlier in the day, signalling rebounding economic activity, drove broad US dollar weakness and resulted in
 the currency pair hitting an intraday low around 13.8900, the strongest the ZAR has been against the USD since July 2019. Despite the USD paring losses as US PMI figures later in the day were similarly strong, the bounce the greenback saw earlier in the
 week on Fed FOMC meeting minutes which showed unexpected mention of monetary policy tightening has ultimately faded out
 of view as expectations remain for the Fed to maintain loose policy for the foreseeable future.
- While the dollar bounced back from its mid-week volatility, the ZAR still managed to eke out gains in the wake of the SARB's domestic monetary policy update. Recall, the SARB offered a more balanced if not more hawkish outlook due to it being the second meeting the MPC unanimously decided to hold the repo rate at 3.5%. This ultimately favoured the ZAR into the end of the week and will continue to do so as the market now expects a tightening cycle laying ahead and beginning as early as the end of this year.
- The ZAR also ended the week off with a notable 1.20% gain against the USD ahead of a scheduled S&P sovereign credit rating review, which was joined by Fitch's review also released after domestic market hours on Friday. While noting the risks which may pose ratings downgrades in the future, both ratings agencies decided not to alter their ratings as yet. S&P affirmed SA's long-term foreign-currency debt of 'BB-', being three notches below investment grade, and kept the local currency debt rating at BB, both with a stable outlook. Fitch meanwhile maintained its negative outlook on SA debt, keeping its rating of long-term local and foreign currency debt at 'BB-'.
- While the risks that government's fiscal consolidation and debt stabilisation plans face have not abated, ratings agencies appear to be giving the government some room to enact plans outlined in the February budget. Key amongst these plans will be the public sector wage bill freeze and, with negotiations still ongoing, the big three ratings agencies may simply be waiting to see how these negotiations pan out. In addition to this, as noted by S&P, the agencies are aware of the structural impediments weighing on growth, specifically the unreliable electricity supply and weak investment expenditure. National Treasury meanwhile released a statement on Friday saying that government is committed to the implementation of critical growth enhancing reforms and fiscal consolidation, both of which have been noted by the agencies will likely plague credit ratings in the future.
- Over to the spot markets, while the dollar's volatile mid-week trade continued into the weekend as it swung Thursday's losses to
 post a net trade-weighted gain on Friday, this week has kicked off with a dollar-bearish bias, albeit with larger moves few and far
 between in early morning trade. As for the ZAR, the local unit has hovered just shy of Friday's 13.9600/\$ close, while general
 sentiment being against the USD this morning looks set to continue as the day progresses in light of minimal data on the cards to
 alter this sentiment.

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